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Attorneys for Plaintiff, the Class, and Aggrieved Employees

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO

MARIA MORONES, as an individual and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

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BIMBO BAKERIES USA, INC., a Delaware corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: 34-2018-00245481

(Assigned to the Honorable Kevin R. Culhane, Dept. 23)

FIRST AMENDED CLASS AND REPRESENTATIVE ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

Complaint Filed:

November 28, 2018

DB2/ 36777766.1

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Maria Morones ("Plaintiff") hereby submits this First Amended Complaint ("Complaint") against Defendant Bimbo Bakeries USA, Inc. ("Defendant"), and Does 1 through 50 (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Defendants"), on behalf of herself and the State of California and other aggrieved employees of Defendants for penalties for violations of the California Labor Code, including without limitation, failure to provide employees with accurate itemized wage statements as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This action is within the Court's jurisdiction under California Labor Code sections 226 and 2698 *et seq.*, the Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), and the applicable Wage Orders of the California Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC").
- 2. This Complaint challenges systemic illegal employment practices resulting in violations of the California Labor Code against individuals who worked for Defendants.
- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants, jointly and severally, have acted intentionally and with deliberate indifference and conscious disregard to the rights of all employees in Defendants' failure to provide accurate wage statements.
- 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants have engaged in, among other things a system of willful violations of the California Labor Code, by creating and maintaining policies, practices and customs that knowingly deny employees the above stated rights and benefits.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. The Court has jurisdiction over the violations of California Labor Code sections 226 and 2698 *et seq*.
- 6. Venue is proper in Sacramento County because Defendant maintains operations in Sacramento County, and Plaintiff was employed by Defendant in Sacramento County.

PARTIES

7. Plaintiff began employment by Defendant on or about January 6, 2013. During her employment with Defendant, Plaintiff was not provided proper and accurate itemized wage

- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned Defendant Bimbo Bakeries USA, Inc. is and was a Delaware corporation, licensed to do business and actually doing business in the State of California. As such, and based upon all the facts and circumstances incident to Defendant's business, Defendant is subject to California Labor Code sections 226 and 2698 et seq.
- 9. Plaintiff does not know the true names or capacities, whether individual, partner or corporate, of the defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 50, inclusive, and for that reason, said defendants are sued under such fictitious names, and Plaintiff prays for leave to amend this complaint when the true names and capacities are known. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that each of said fictitious defendants was responsible in some way for the matters alleged herein and proximately caused Plaintiff and members of the general public and aggrieved employees to be subject to the illegal employment practices, wrongs and injuries complained of herein.
- 10. At all times herein mentioned, each of said Defendants participated in the doing of the acts hereinafter alleged to have been done by the named Defendants; and furthermore, the Defendants, and each of them, were the agents, servants and employees of each of the other Defendants, as well as the agents of all Defendants, and at all times herein mentioned, were acting within the course and scope of said agency and employment.
- 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that at all times material hereto, each of the Defendants named herein was the agent, employee, alter ego and/or joint venturer of, or working in concert with each of the other co-Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of such agency, employment, joint venture, or concerted activity. To the extent said acts, conduct, and omissions were perpetrated by certain Defendants, each of the remaining Defendants confirmed and ratified said acts, conduct, and omissions of the acting Defendants.
- 12. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants, and each of them, were members of, and engaged in, a joint venture, partnership and common enterprise, and acting within the course

and scope of, and in pursuance of, said joint venture, partnership and common enterprise.

13. At all times herein mentioned, the acts and omissions of various Defendants, and each of them, concurred and contributed to the various acts and omissions of each and all of the other Defendants in proximately causing the injuries and damages as herein alleged. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants, and each of them, ratified each and every act or omission complained of herein. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants, and each of them, aided and abetted the acts and omissions of each and all of the other Defendants in proximately causing the damages as herein alleged.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 14. Definition: The named individual Plaintiff seeks class certification, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382. Plaintiff proposes the following class:
 - All current and former California non-exempt employees of Defendants who received shift premium wages at any time between October 9, 2017, through October 7, 2018.
- 15. **Numerosity**: The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical, if not impossible. The identity of the members of the Class is readily ascertainable by review of Defendants' records, including payroll records. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants failed to provide proper wage statements in violation of Labor Code sections 226.
- 16. Adequacy of Representation: The named Plaintiff is fully prepared to take all necessary steps to represent fairly and adequately the interests of the class defined above. Plaintiff's attorneys are ready, willing and able to fully and adequately represent the Class and the individual Plaintiff. Plaintiff's attorneys have prosecuted and settled wage-and-hour class actions in the past and currently have a number of wage-and-hour class actions pending in California state and federal courts.
- 17. Defendants uniformly administered a corporate policy, practice of failing to provide proper payroll records in violation of Labor Code section 226. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that this corporate conduct is accomplished with the

advanced knowledge, intent and willfulness.

- 18. Common Question of Law and Fact: There are predominant common questions of law and fact and a community of interest amongst Plaintiff and the claims of the Class concerning Defendants' policy and practice of failing to provide proper payroll records in violation of Labor Code sections 226.
- 19. **Typicality:** The claims of Plaintiff are typical of the claims of all members of the Class in that Plaintiff suffered the harm alleged in this Complaint in a similar and typical manner as the Class members. As with other California employees, Plaintiff was not provided proper and accurate itemized wage statements. Specifically, when Plaintiff and other Shift Premium Class Members were paid shift premium wages—including, without limitation, "First Shift," "First Shift OT," "Second Shift OT" and "Sunday Prem."—the wage statements issued by Defendant did not identify the accurate total hours worked. Rather, when the hours shown on the wage statements are added up, they do not appear to add up to the actual total hours worked. Therefore, Plaintiff is a member of the Class and have suffered the alleged violations of California Labor Code section 226.
- 20. The California Labor Code sections upon which Plaintiff bases these claims are broadly remedial in nature. These laws and labor standards serve an important public interest in establishing minimum working conditions and standards in California. These laws and labor standards protect the average working employee from exploitation by employers who may seek to take advantage of superior economic and bargaining power in setting onerous terms and conditions of employment.
- 21. The nature of this action and the format of laws available to Plaintiff and members of the Class identified herein make the class action format a particularly efficient and appropriate procedure to redress the wrongs alleged herein. If each employee were required to file an individual lawsuit, the corporate Defendants would necessarily gain an unconscionable advantage since it would be able to exploit and overwhelm the limited resources of each individual plaintiff with their vastly superior financial and legal resources. Requiring each Class member to pursue an individual remedy would also discourage the assertion of lawful claims by

employees who would be disinclined to file an action against their former and/or current employer for real and justifiable fear of retaliation and permanent damage to their careers at subsequent employment.

- 22. The prosecution of separate actions by the individual Class Members, even if possible, would create a substantial risk of (a) inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual Class Members against the Defendants and which would establish potentially incompatible standards of conduct for the Defendants, and/or (b) adjudications with respect to individual Class Members which would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interest of the other Class Members not parties to the adjudications or which would substantially impair or impede the ability of the Class Members to protect their interests. Further, the claims of the individual members of the Class are not sufficiently large to warrant vigorous individual prosecution considering all of the concomitant costs and expenses.
- 23. Such a pattern, practice and uniform administration of corporate policy regarding illegal payroll practices described herein is unlawful and creates an entitlement to recovery by Plaintiff and the Class identified herein, in a civil action, for applicable penalties, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of suit according to the mandate of California Labor Code section 226 and Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5.
- 24. Proof of a common business practice or factual pattern, which the named Plaintiff experienced and is representative of, will establish the right of each of the members of the Plaintiff Class to recovery on the causes of action alleged herein.

PAGA ALLEGATIONS

25. Defendants operate a multinational bakery products manufacturing business, which provides baked goods to consumers throughout the State of California. Defendants hired Plaintiff as a non-exempt employee in about January 2013. As with other California employees, Plaintiff was not provided proper and accurate itemized wage statements. Specifically, when Plaintiff and aggrieved employees were paid shift premium wages—including, without limitation, "First Shift," "First Shift OT," "Second Shift OT" and "Sunday Prem."—the wage statements issued by Defendants did not identify the accurate total hours worked. Rather, when

the hours shown on the wage statements are added up, they do not appear to add up to the actual total hours worked. Therefore, Plaintiff was and is a victim of the policies, practices, and customs of Defendants complained of in this action in ways that have deprived her of the rights guaranteed by California Labor Code sections 226 and 2698, *et seq*.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF LABOR CODE § 226

(BY PLAINTIFF AND THE CLASS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 26. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 25 as though fully set forth herein.
- 27. Defendants failed in their affirmative obligation to provide accurate itemized wage statements. Defendants, as a matter of policy and practice, did not provide accurate records in violation of Labor Code section 226.
- 28. Plaintiff and the Class were employees of Defendants and as such should have received accurate, itemized wage statements, pursuant to Labor Code section 226(a). When Plaintiff and other Class Shift Premium Class Members were paid shift premium wages—including, without limitation, "First Shift," "First Shift OT," "Second Shift OT" and "Sunday Prem."—the wage statements issued by Defendant did not identify the accurate total hours worked. Rather, when the hours shown on the wage statements are added up, they do not appear to add up to the actual total hours worked
- 29. Such a pattern, practice and uniform administration of corporate policy as described herein is unlawful and creates an entitlement to recovery by the Plaintiff and the Class identified herein, in a civil action, for all penalties pursuant to Labor Code section 226, including interest thereon, attorneys' fees, and costs of suit according to the mandate of California Labor Code section 226.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF LABOR CODE § 2698, ET SEQ.

(BY PLAINTIFF, ON BEHALF OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES, AGAINȘT ALL DEFENDANTS)

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

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- 30. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 29 as though fully set forth herein.
- 31. Defendants uniformly administered a corporate policy, practice of failing to provide accurate itemized wage statements to their employees in violation of Labor Code section 226. At all times herein mentioned, Labor Code section 226 applied to Defendants' employment of Plaintiff and other Aggrieved Employees. Labor Code section 226 provides in part that:
 - (a) An employer, semimonthly or at the time of each payment of wages, shall furnish to his or her employee, either as a detachable part of the check, draft, or voucher paying the employee's wages, or separately if wages are paid by personal check or cash, an accurate itemized statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, except as provided in subdivision (j), (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and only the last four digits of his or her social security number or an employee identification number other than a social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer and, if the employer is a farm labor contractor, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 1682, the name and address of the legal entity that secured the services of the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee and, beginning July 1, 2013, if the employer is a temporary services employer as defined in Section 201.3, the rate of pay and the total hours worked for each temporary services assignment. The deductions made from payment of wages shall be recorded in ink or other indelible form, properly dated, showing the month, day, and year, and a copy of the statement and the record of the deductions shall be kept on file by the employer for at least three years at the place of employment or at a central location within the State of California. For purposes of this subdivision, "copy" includes a duplicate of the itemized statement provided to an employee or a computer-generated record that accurately shows all of the information required by this subdivision.
- Cal. Lab. Code § 226(a). At all times herein mentioned, Defendants failed in their affirmative obligation to provide Plaintiff and other Aggrieved Employees accurate itemized wage statements.
- 32. Plaintiff provided written notice to the California Labor & Workforce

 Development Agency ("LWDA") of Defendants' violation of California Labor Code section 226

 pursuant to PAGA on or about September 11, 2018.

- 33. The LWDA has not provided written notice within 65 calendar days of Plaintiff's notice as to whether the LWDA intends to investigate Plaintiff's allegations. As such, Plaintiff has therefore complied with all notice and exhaustion requirements pursuant to PAGA.
- 34. Pursuant to Labor Code section 2699(a), Plaintiff seeks recovery of all applicable penalties pursuant to PAGA, for violation of Labor Code section 226, on behalf of the following aggrieved employees (who shall be collectively referred to as the "Aggrieved Employees"): all current and former employees of Defendants who were paid shift premium wages at any time during the period of time from September 11, 2017 through October 7, 2018.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment for herself and all others on whose behalf this suit is brought against Defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

- 1. For an order certifying the proposed Class;
- 2. For an order appointing Plaintiff as the representative of the Class as described herein;
- 3. Upon the First Cause of Action, for penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 226, and for costs and attorneys' fees;
- 4. Upon the Second Cause of Action, for penalties pursuant to California Labor Code section 2698 *et seq.*, and for costs and attorneys' fees;
- 5. For fees and costs as provided by California Labor Code sections 226 and Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5; and
- 6. For such other and further relief the Court may deem just and proper.

3 | DATED: June 27, 2019

DIVERSITY LAW GROUP, P.C.

E(y:_

Larry W. Lee Kristen M. Agnew

Nick Rosenthal

Attorneys for Plaintiff, the Class, and Aggrieved

Employees

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1	PROOF OF SERVICE
2	(Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1013a, 2015.5)
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4	STATE OF CALIFORNIA]
5]ss. COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES]
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7	I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of
8	8 and not a party to the within action; my business address is 515 S. Figueroa Street, Suite 250, Los Angeles, California 90071.
9	On July 15, 2019, I served the following document(s) described as: FIRST AMENDED
10	CLASS AND REPRESENTATIVE ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES on the interested parties in this action as follows:
11	
12	John S, Battenfeld Ashley A. Baltazar
13	Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP
14	One Market Spear Street Tower San Francisco, California 94105
15	Attorneys for Defendant Bimbo Bakeries USA, Inc.
	X BY MAIL: by placing the original orX a true and correct
16	copy thereof enclosed, in (a) sealed envelope(s) addressed to the party(ies) listed above or on the
17 18	attached mailing list. I am readily familiar with the firm's practice for collection and processing of correspondence and other materials for mailing with the United States Postal Service. On this
19	date, I sealed the envelope(s) containing the above materials and placed the envelope(s) for collection and mailing on this date at the address above following our office's ordinary business
20	practices. The envelope(s) will be deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date, in the ordinary course of business.
21	
22	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on July 15, 2019, at Los Angeles, California.
23	Canllian
24	Erika Mejia
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